

PREPARED BY

KEELE DRUG & ALCOHOL STEERING GROUP



The annual SOS Drug & Alcohol Survey was sent to all students by Tom Robinson, Welfare Officer, KeeleSU via email. The survey was also widely advertised via social media and other digital communication channels such as MS Teams.

The survey was open between the 20th November to 1st December 2023.

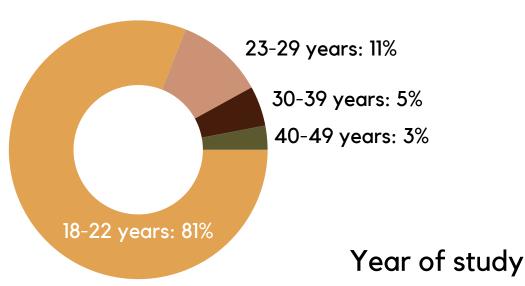
In total, 14 institutions took part in the survey. Across all 14 partnerships, there were 5282 respondents. Keele University made up 6.6% of these with 349 respondents.

This is a decrease from the 458 respondents the year before.

The data presented in this report is Keele data only.

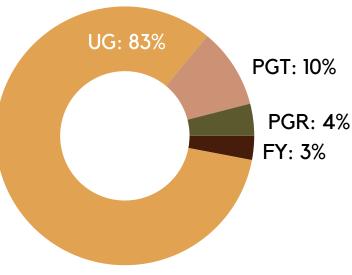


Age of participants



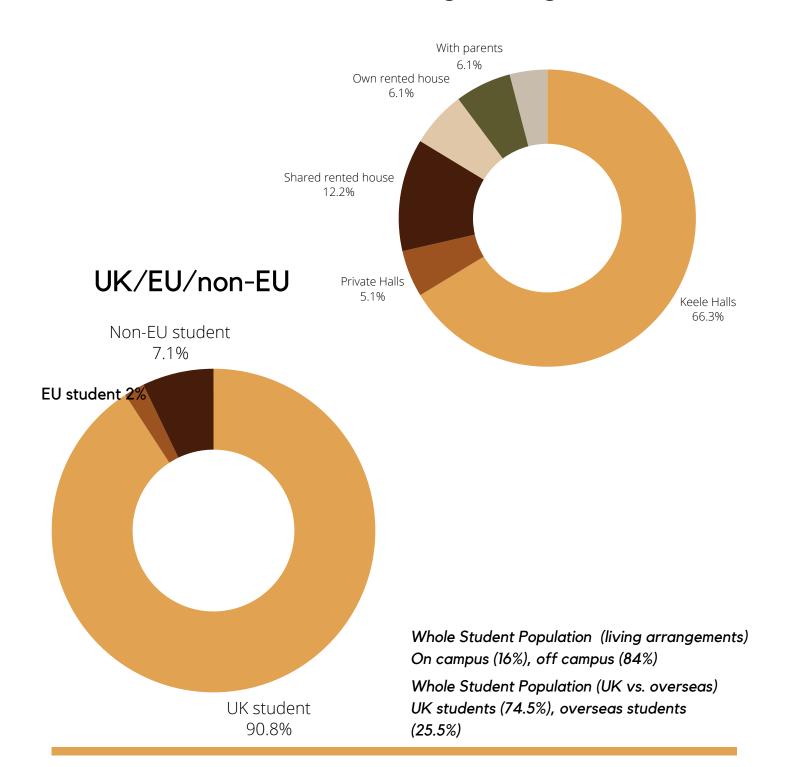
Whole Student Population (age) <18-20 (61%), 21-29 (21%), 30-39 (10%), 40+ (8%)

Whole Student Population (year of study) Foundation year (5%), Undergraduate (67%), PGT (23%), PGR (4%)



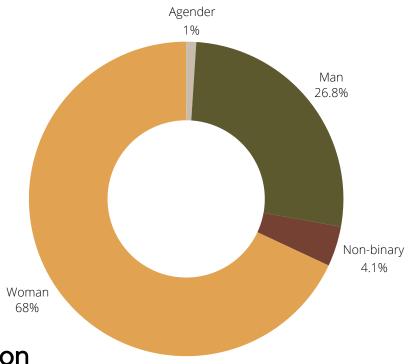


Living Arrangements

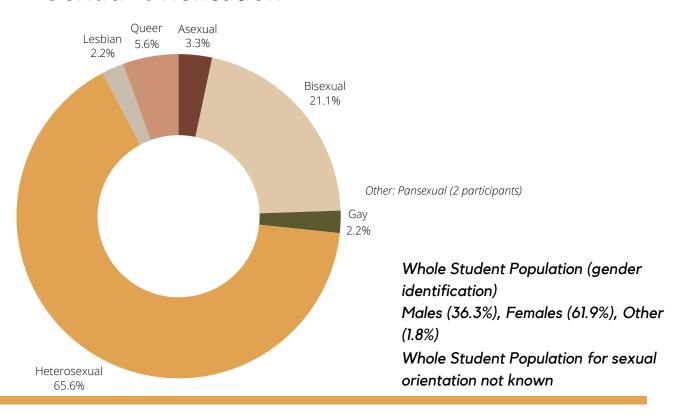




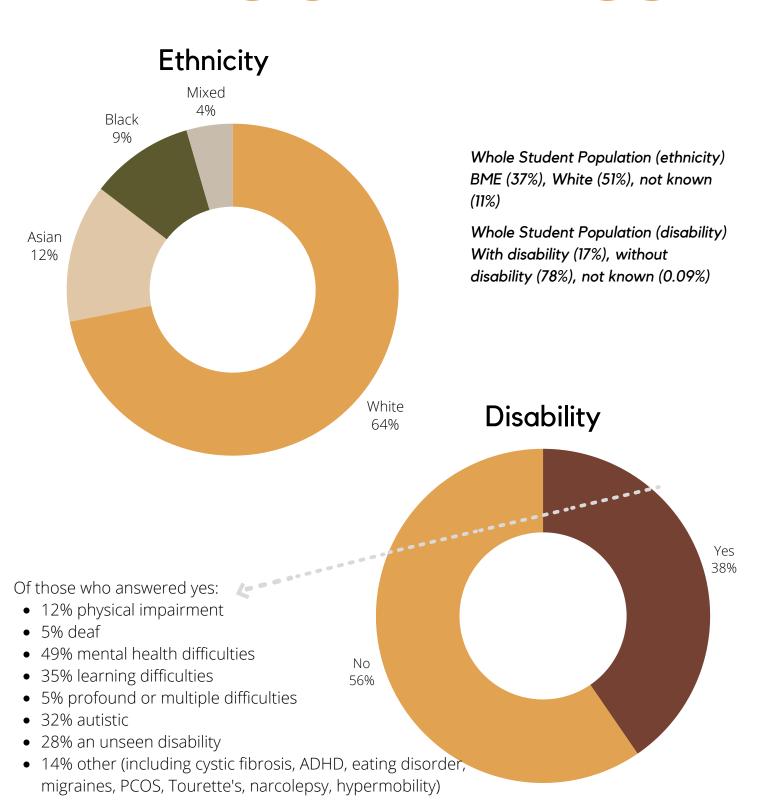
Gender Identification



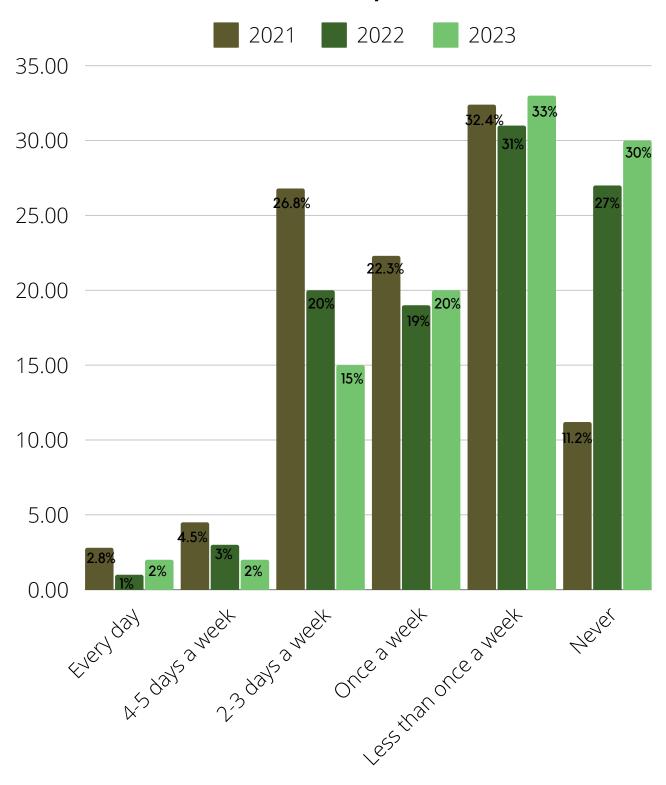
Sexual Orientation



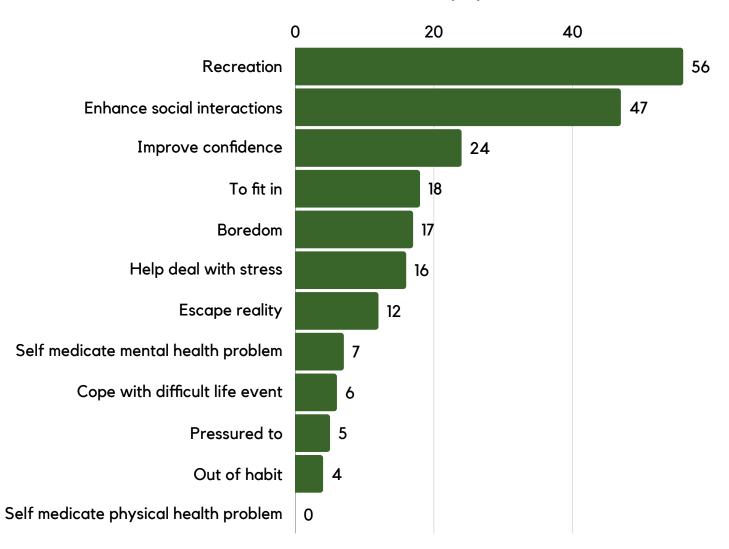




How often, if at all, do you drink alcohol? (%)



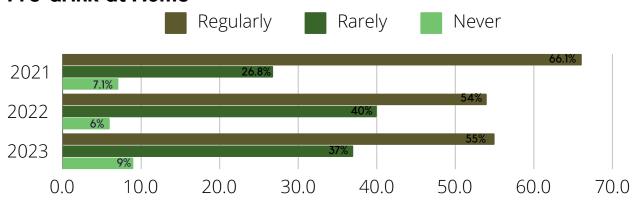
Which of the following best describes why you drink alcohol? (%)



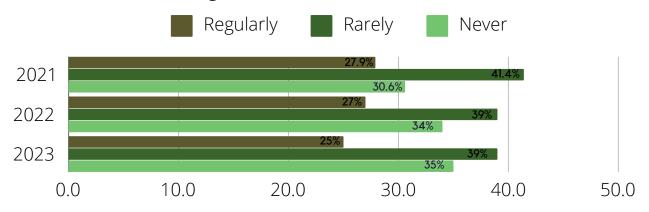
- "Because it tastes good"
- "To meet new people"
- "Fun to play drinking games"
- "Club socials"
- "Special occasions"
- "Only when socialising"

Do any of the following describe your drinking behaviour?

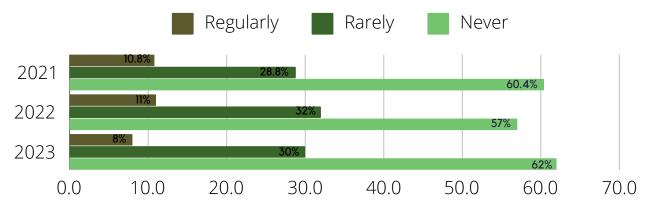
Pre-drink at Home



Get drunk before night out

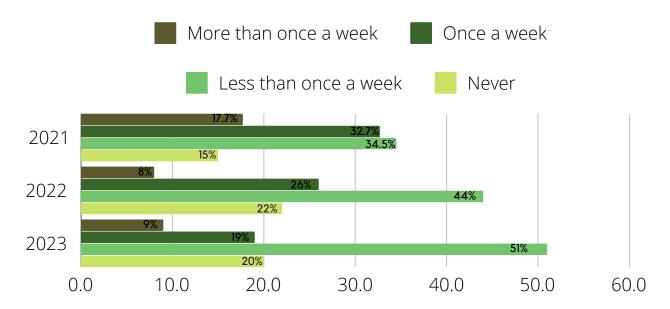


Not eat before going out

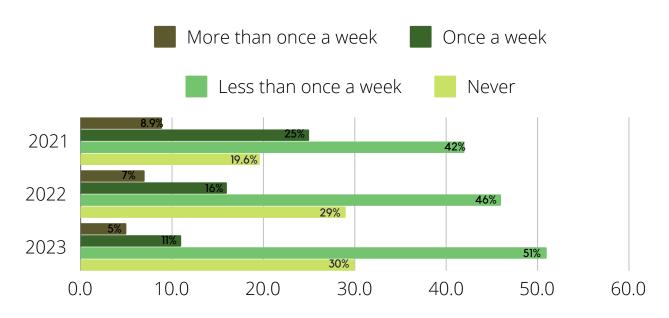


Do any of the following describe your drinking behaviour?

Drink with the intention of getting drunk

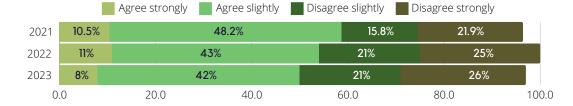


Get drunk unintentionally

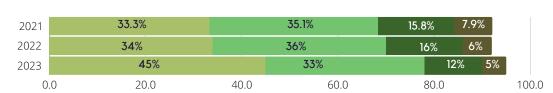


To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

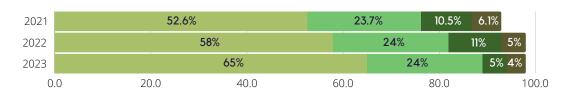
Getting drunk means I'll have a good night out



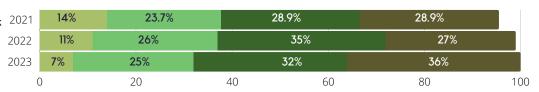
Pacing myself means a better night out for longer



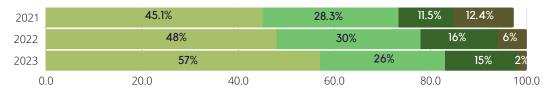
Drinking too much can cut short a night out



It can be difficult to not drink 2021 too much on a night out 2022



I don't have to get drunk to have a good night out

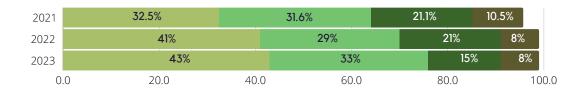


You agreed it can be difficult not to drink too much on a night out - why do you think that?

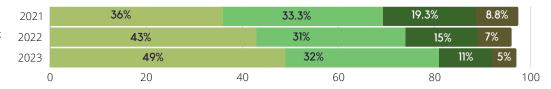
- Pressure from friends (22%)
- It can be difficult to get water or soft drinks from bars / clubs (17%)
- There are too many tempting drinks offers (18%)
- It can be expensive to get water or soft drinks from bars / clubs (20%)
- It can feel embarrassing ordering water or soft drinks (17%)
- It's easy to get caught up in rounds (61%)
- I don't know what to do that would help me to not drink too much (7%)
- Drinking helps me to relax / socialise (60%)

To what extent, if at all, do you agree or disagree with the following statements?

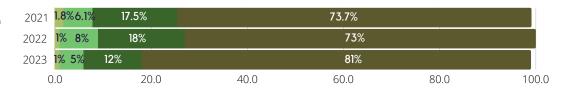
I tend to stop drinking before I get very drunk



I don't like socialising with people who get very drunk



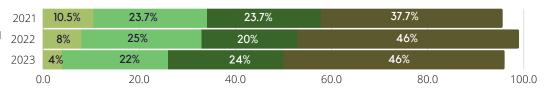
I don't like socialising with people who don't drink



I think more about my behaviour when I drink now

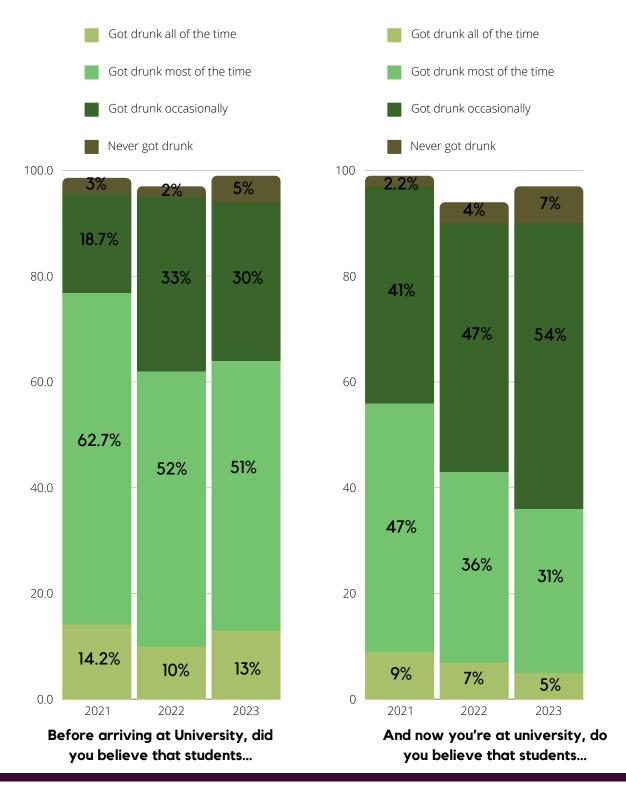


I feel pressure from my friends to drink more alcohol



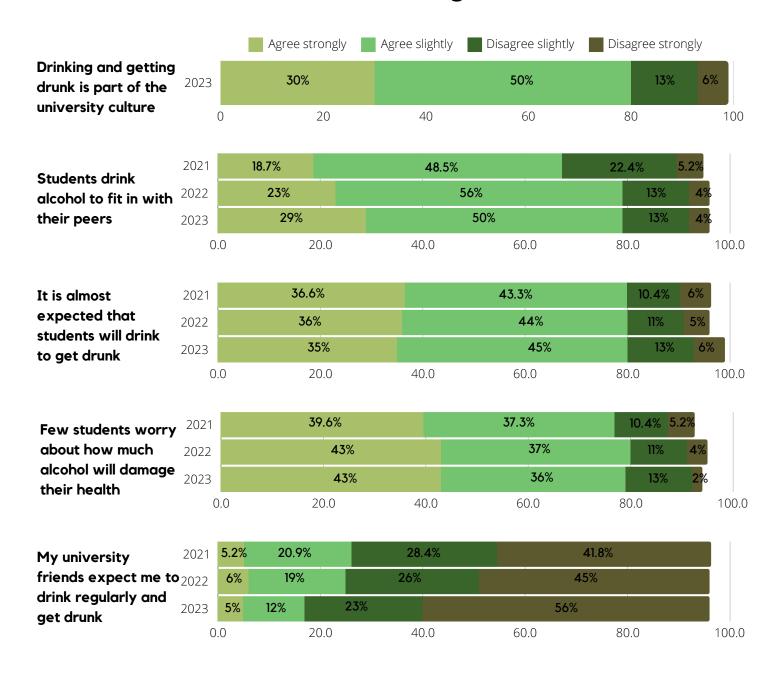
ALCOHOL PERCEPTIONS

Please select the phrase which best describes your perceptions



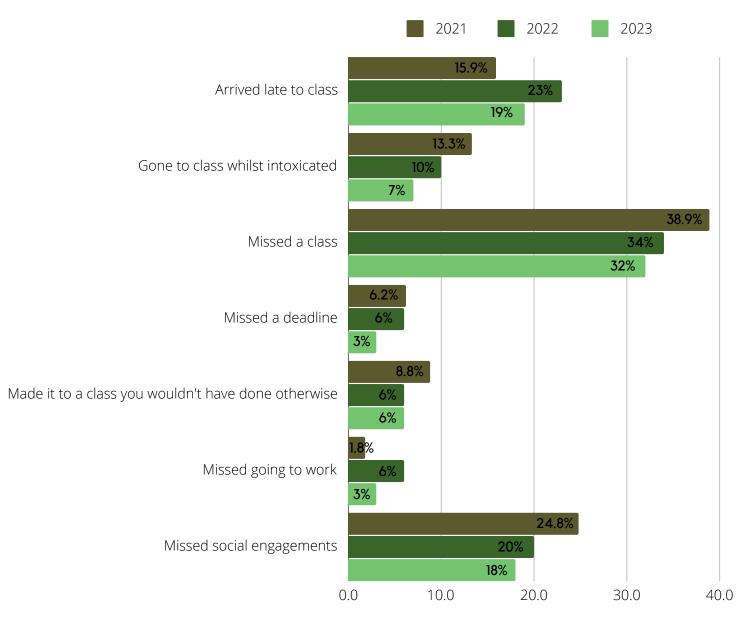
ALCOHOL PERCEPTIONS

Thinking specifically about drinking alcohol at university, how much do you agree or disagree, if at all, with the following statements?



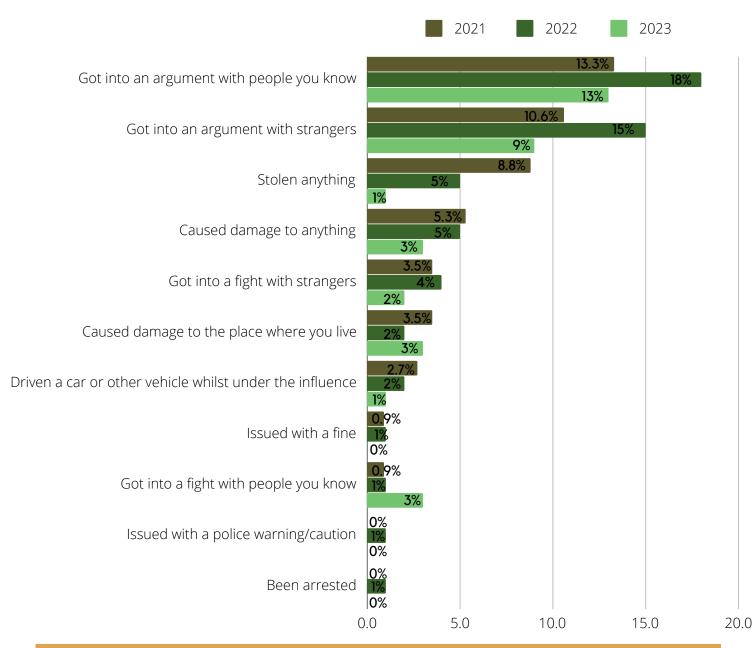
Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following the consumption of alcohol?

ACADEMIC & WORK



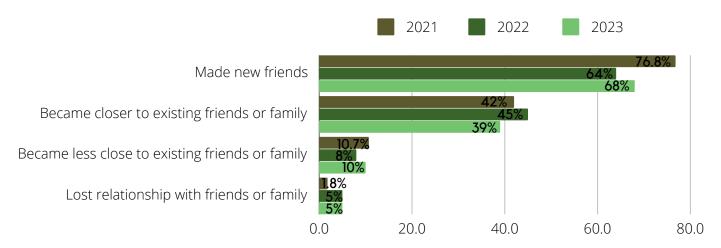
Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following the consumption of alcohol?

ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

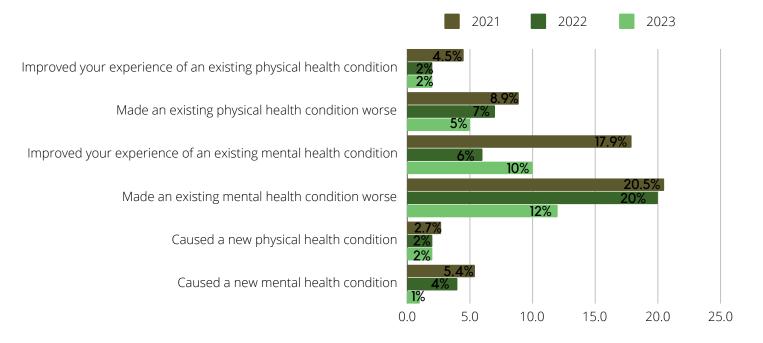


Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following the consumption of alcohol?

SOCIAL LIFE

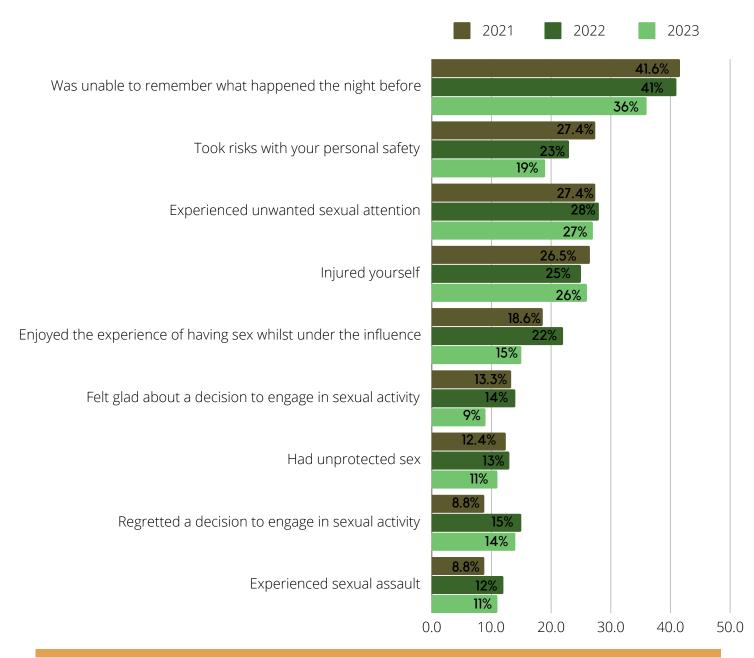


MENTAL & PHYSICAL HEALTH



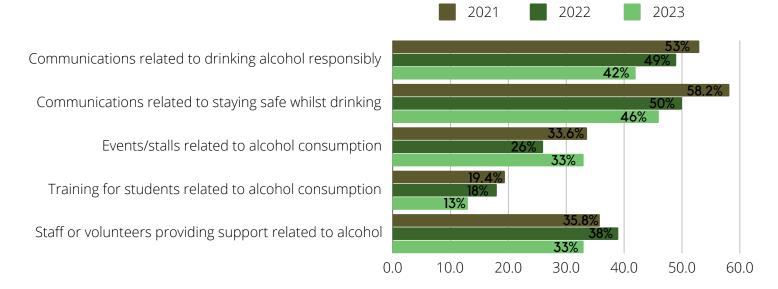
Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following the consumption of alcohol?

VICTIM OF CRIME & SEXUAL ACTIVITY

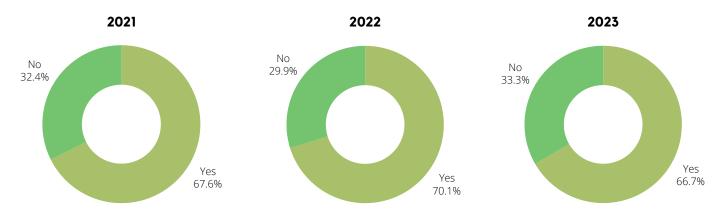


SAFE DRINKING CAMPAIGNS

Are you aware of any safe or responsible drinking campaigns, projects or activities at your university? (Participants select the areas they are aware of)

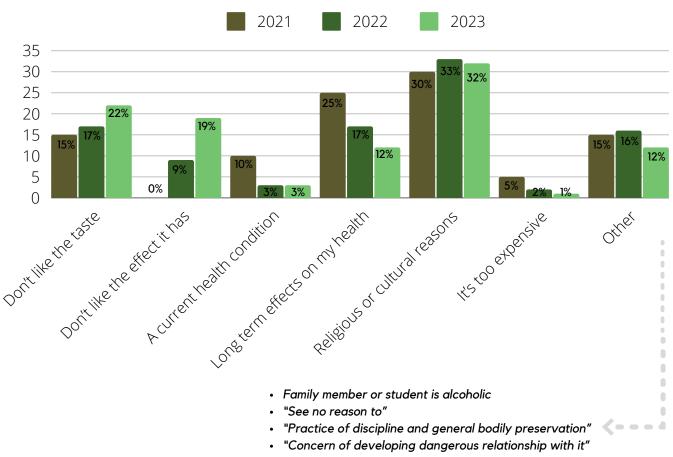


Do you feel that there are enough social events for you at university that do not involve having to drink or get drunk?



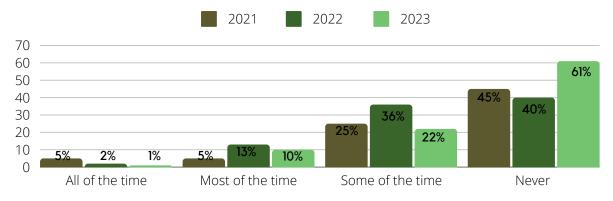
NON DRINKERS

What would you say is your main reason for not drinking or stopping drinking, alcohol?



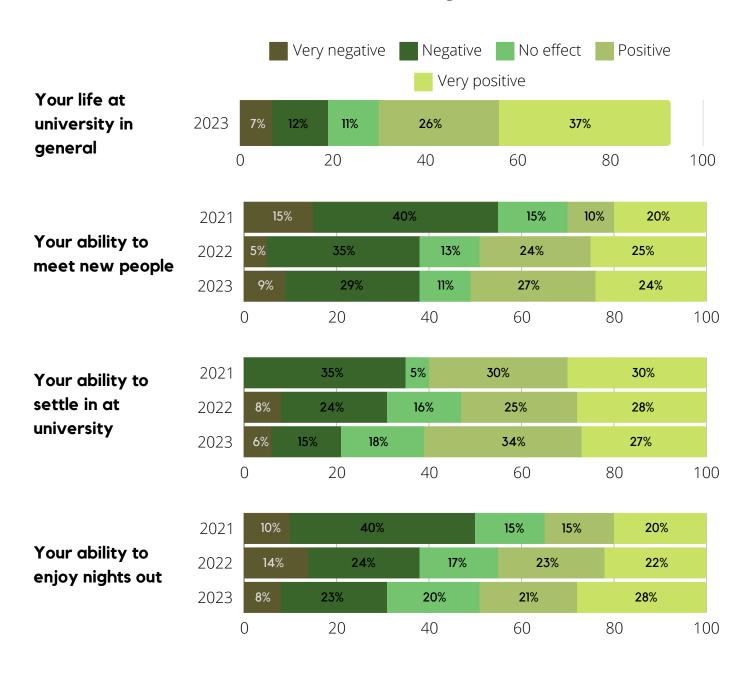
"Don't see the appeal"

Thinking about the most recent university term, when you were socialising with other students, how often did you feel that your friends expected you to drink alcohol?



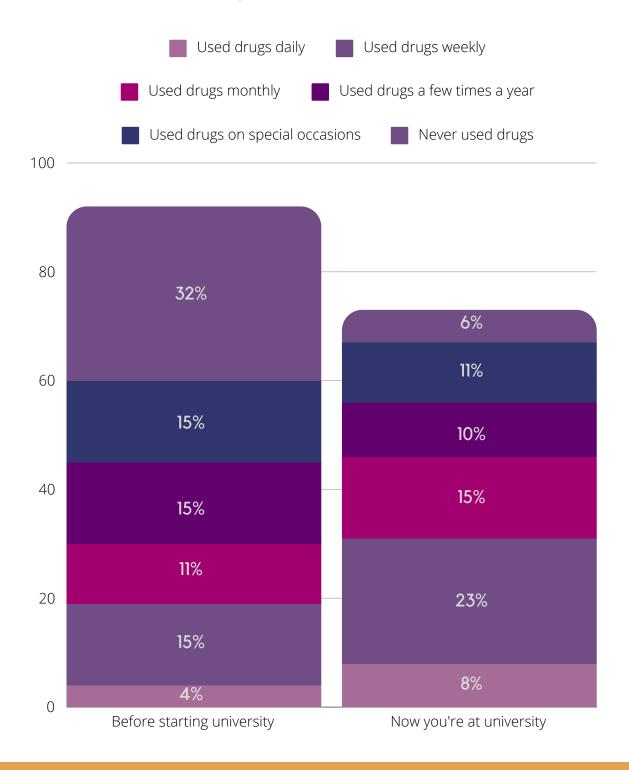


How do you think that not drinking alcohol has impacted on the following:



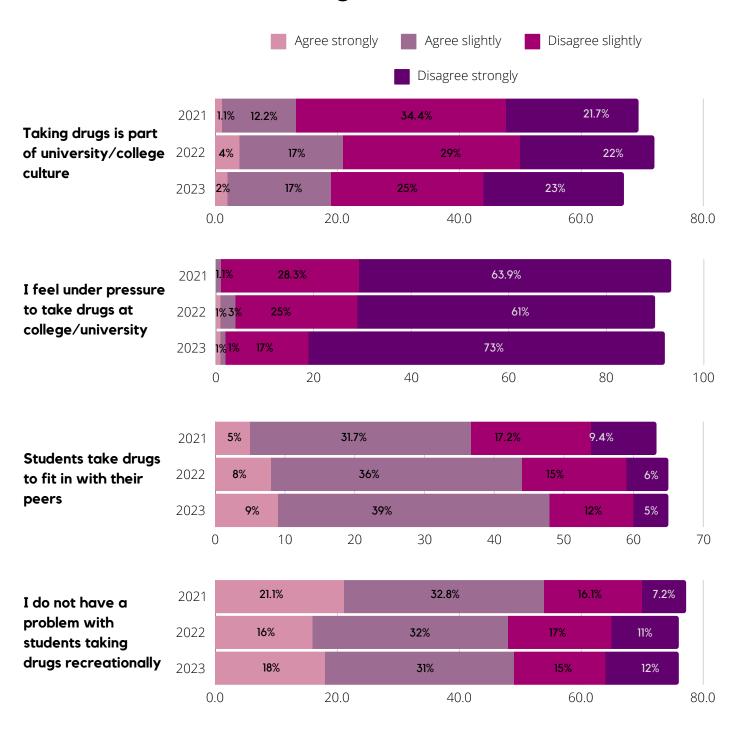
DRUG USE PERCEPTIONS

Please select the phrase which best describes your experiences of drug use:



DRUG USE PERCEPTIONS

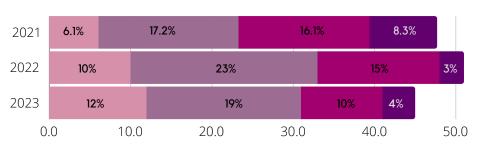
To what extent, if at all, do you agree with the following statements?



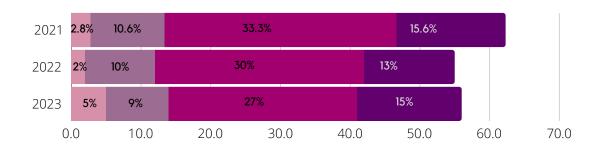
DRUG USE PERCEPTIONS

To what extent, if at all, do you agree with the following statements?

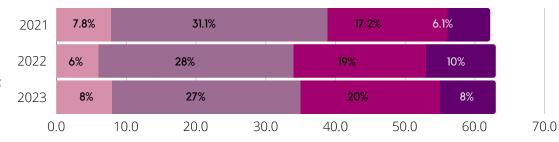
Students who take drugs do less well in their studies



There is a problematic drug culture at my university



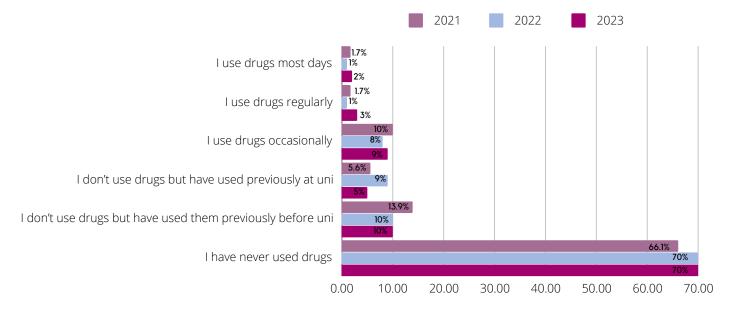
Student drug use isn't as problematic as is widely thought



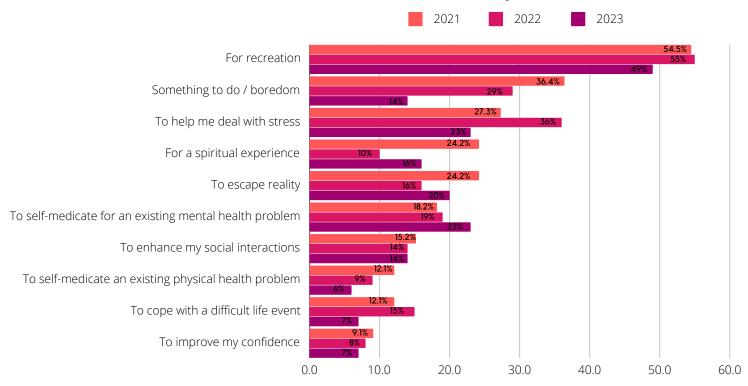
60.0

DRUG USE

Which of the following best describes your current frequency of drug use?

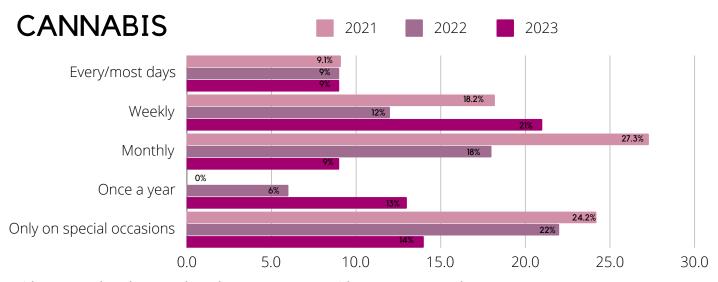


Which of the following best describes why you use/have used in the past

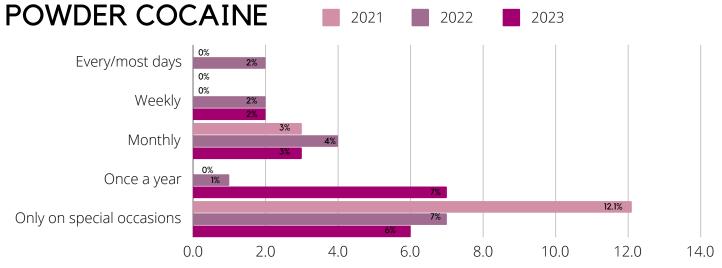


DRUG USE

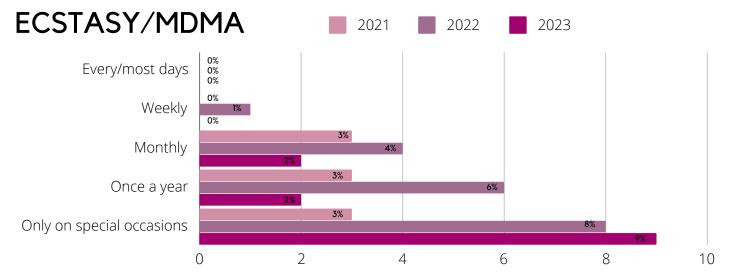
Still thinking about your time at university, which of the following best describes your frequency of particular drug use? (only participants who selected that they use or have used drugs)



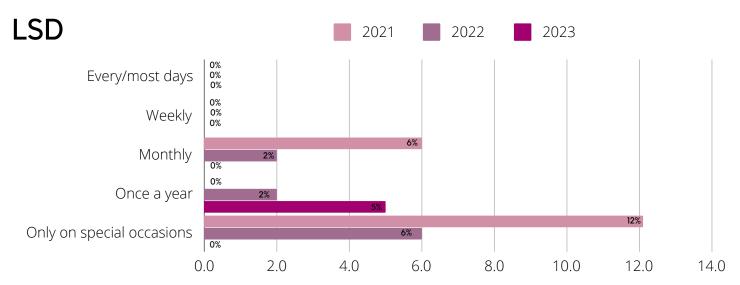
23% have used in the past but don't anymore, 11% have never used The majority of respondents (42%) were 16-18 years old when they first used cannabis



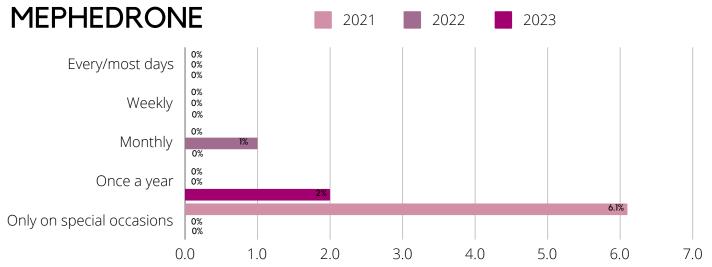
16% have used in the past but don't anymore, 66% have never used The majority of respondents (18%) were 16-18 years old when they first used powder cocaine



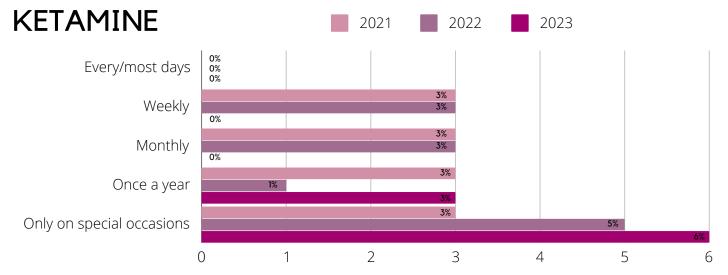
9% have used in the past but don't anymore, 79% have never used
The majority of respondents (11%) were 16-18 years old when they first used ecstacy/MDMA



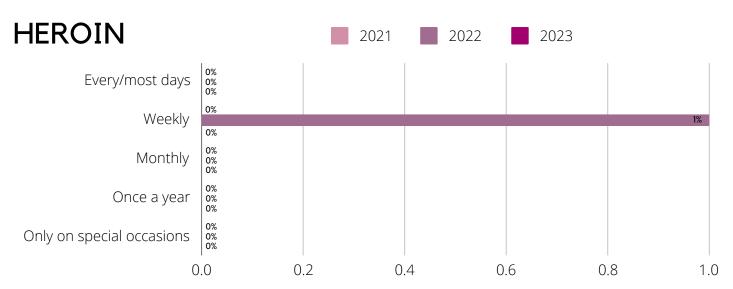
11% have used in the past but don't anymore, 83% have never used The majority of respondents (9%) were 16-18 years old when they first used LSD



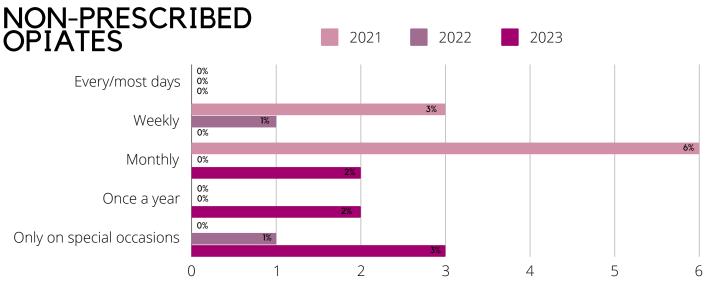
2% have used in the past but don't anymore, 97% have never used
The majority of respondents (2%) were 22-24 years old when they first used mephedrone



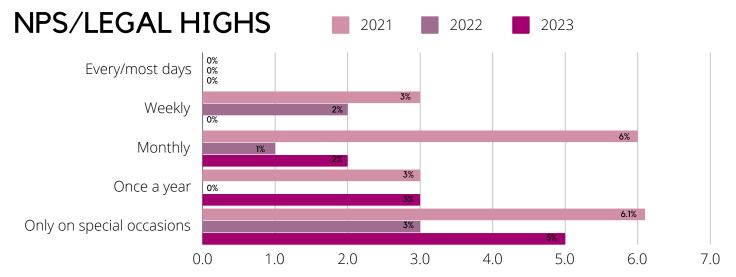
15% have used in the past but don't anymore, 76% have never used The majority of respondents (13%) were 16-18 years old when they first used ketamine



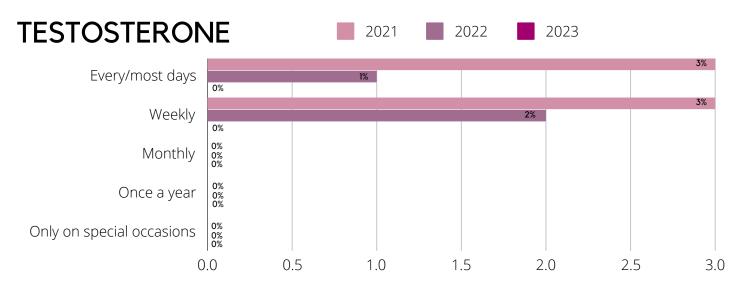
0% have used in the past but don't anymore, 100% have never used The majority of respondents (2%) were 25+ years old when they first used heroin



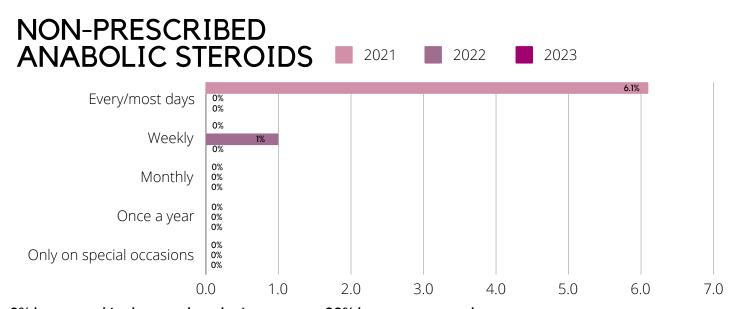
3% have used in the past but don't anymore, 91% have never used The majority of respondents (6%) were 16-18 years old when they first used non-prescribed opiates



6% have used in the past but don't anymore, 85% have never used The majority of respondents (6%) were 19-21 years old when they first used NPS/legal highs

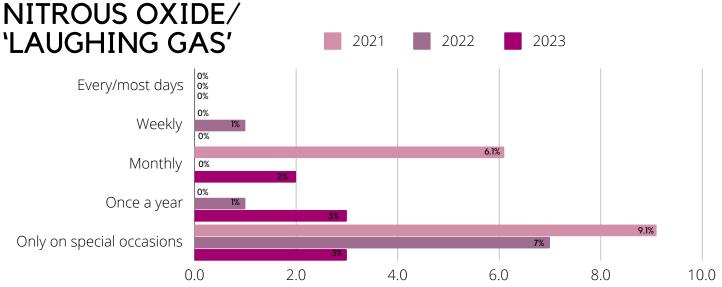


0% have used in the past but don't anymore, 100% have never used



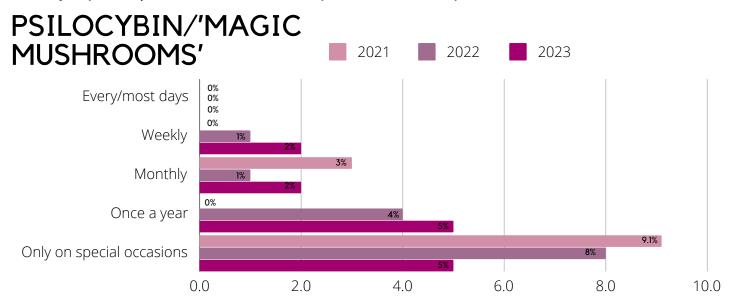
2% have used in the past but don't anymore, 99% have never used

The majority of respondents (2%) were 25+ years old when they first used non-prescribed anabolic steroids



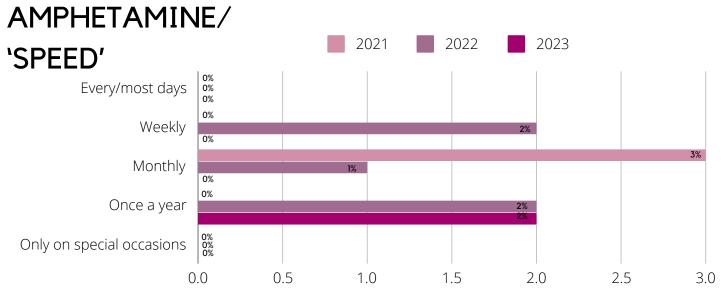
8% have used in the past but don't anymore, 85% have never used

The majority of respondents (11%) were 16-18 years old when they first used nitrous oxide

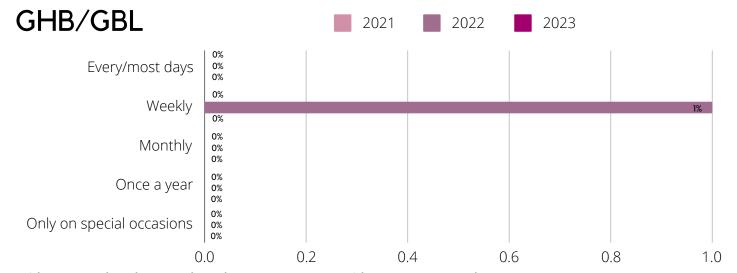


6% have used in the past but don't anymore, 82% have never used

The majority of respondents (9%) were 19-21 years old when they first used psilocybin

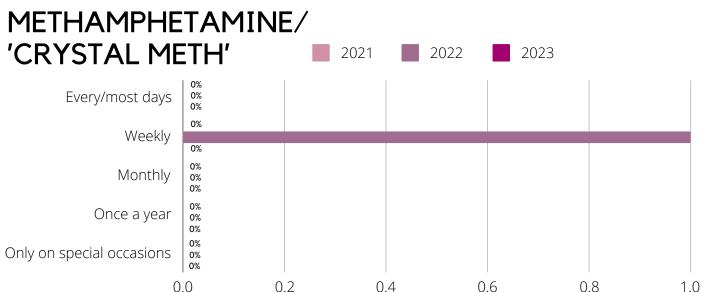


6% have used in the past but don't anymore, 93% have never used The majority of respondents (6%) were 16-21 when they first used amphetamine



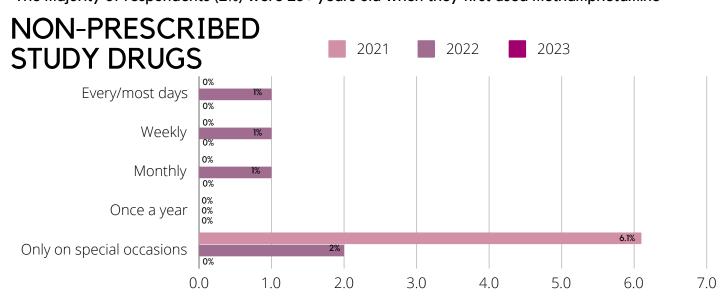
2% have used in the past but don't anymore, 99% have never used

The majority of respondents (3%) were 25+ years old when they first used GHB/GBL



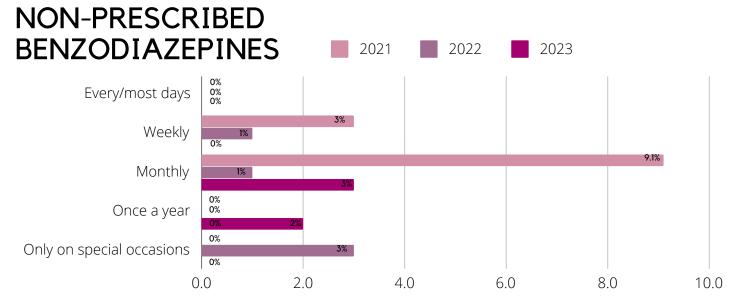
2% have used in the past but don't anymore, 99% have never used

The majority of respondents (2%) were 25+ years old when they first used methamphetamine



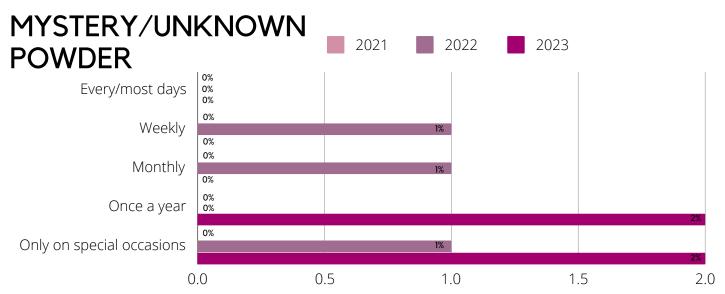
3% have used in the past but don't anymore, 97% have never used

The majority of respondents (3%) were 25+ years old when they first used non-prescribed study drugs



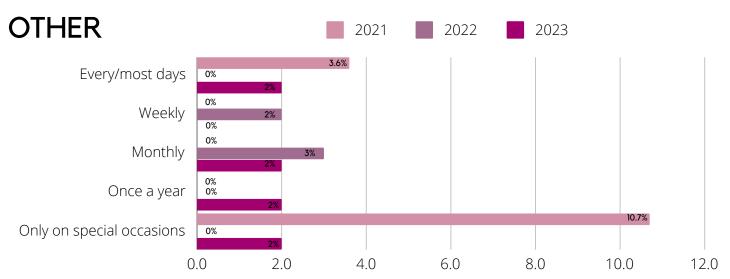
2% have used in the past but don't anymore, 94% have never used

The majority of respondents (3%) were 25+ years old when they first used non-prescribed benzodiazepines



6% have used in the past but don't anymore, 91% have never used

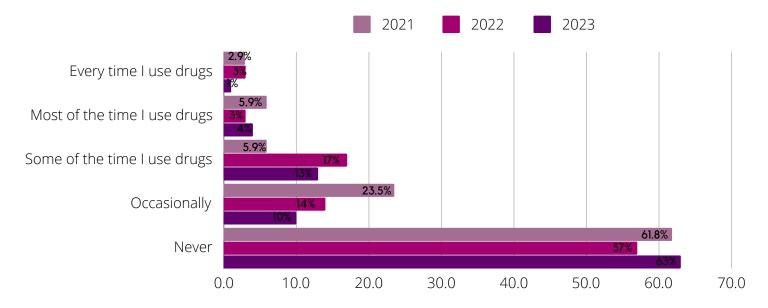
The majority of respondents (5%) were 19-21 years old when they first used mystery/unknown powder



4% have used in the past but don't anymore, 88% have never used Other include: "2CB", "Poppers", "Prescribed antidepressants", "DMT", "dried leaves"

POLY DRUG USE

Thinking about your time at university, approximately how often, if at all, do you use two or more drugs at one time?



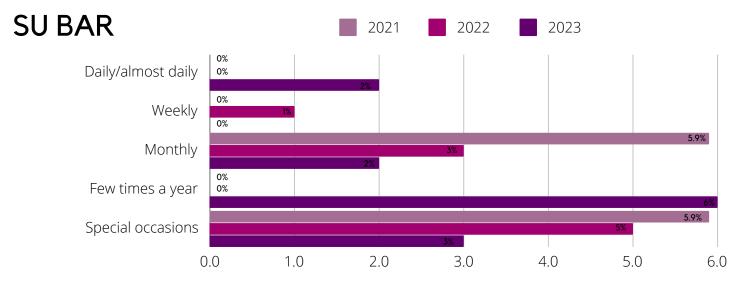
You said you have used two or more drugs at one time.
Which combinations of drugs have you used most
often?

- Cannabis + alcohol (7 responses)
- Cocaine + Cannabis + MDMA (3 responses)
- Cannabis + NOS (1 response)
- Cannabis + LSD (1 response)
- Cannabis + Psilocybin (1 response)
- Ketamine + alcohol (1 response)
- 2CB + MDMA (1 response)
- DMT + MDMA + alcohol (1 response)
- Ketamine + Cocaine + alcohol (1 response)

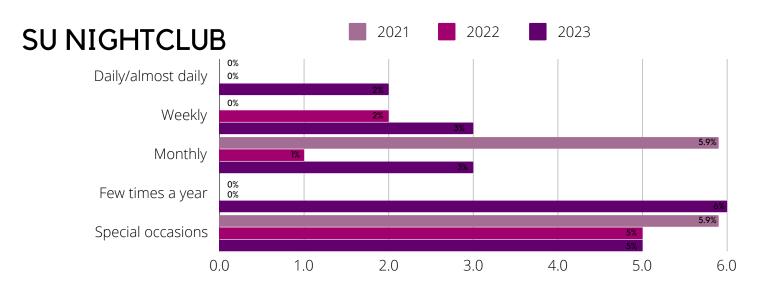
Cannabis was found to be the most common substance to mix with alcohol

DRUG USE

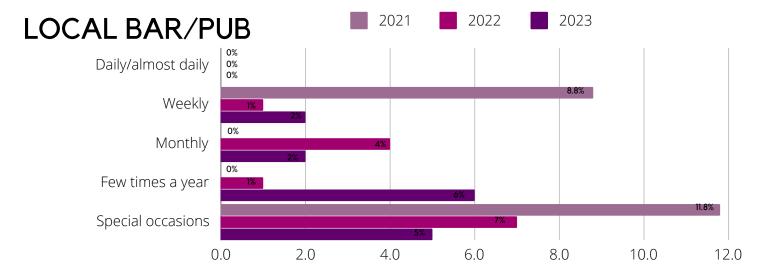
Thinking of the time since you have been at university, approximately how often do you tend to take drugs in each of the following places?



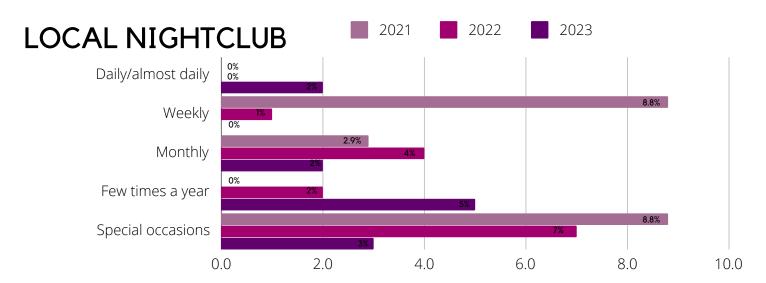
2% have used in the past but don't anymore, 85% have never used in this location



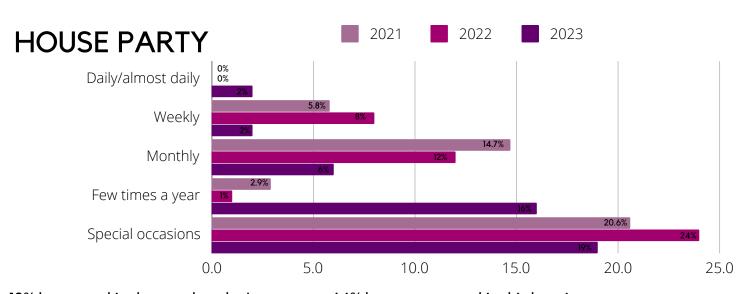
3% have used in the past but don't anymore, 76% have never used in this location



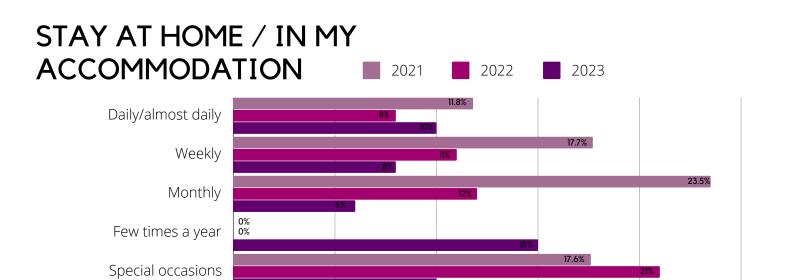
5% have used in the past but don't anymore, 80% have never used in this location



3% have used in the past but don't anymore, 85% have never used in this location



10% have used in the past but don't anymore, 44% have never used in this location



10.0

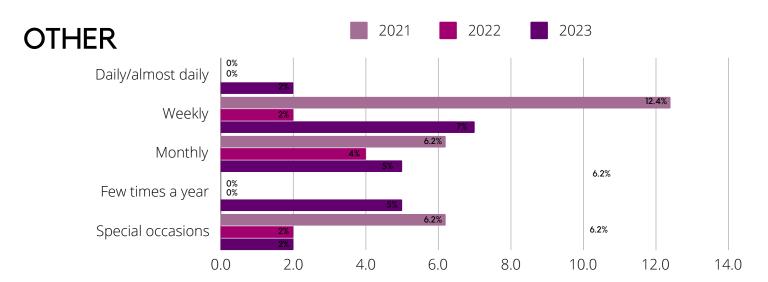
15.0

20.0

25.0

18% have used in the past but don't anymore, 31% have never used in this location

5.0



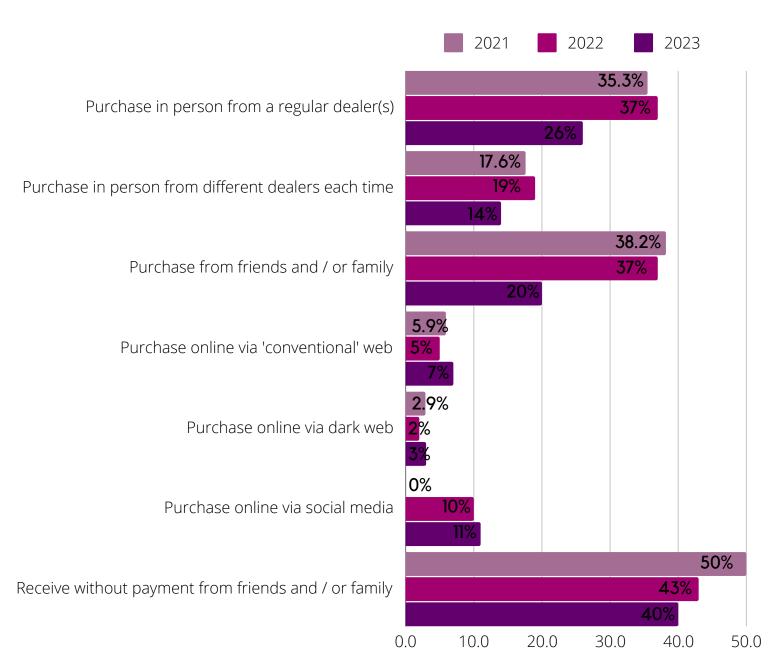
5% have used in the past but don't anymore, 71% have never used in this location

'Other' responses include:

- "Friend's house" (5 responses)
- "Rave"
- "Festivals"
- "Park"

AQUISITION OF DRUGS

Thinking of your experiences since you started university, which of the following describes where or how you acquire drugs?



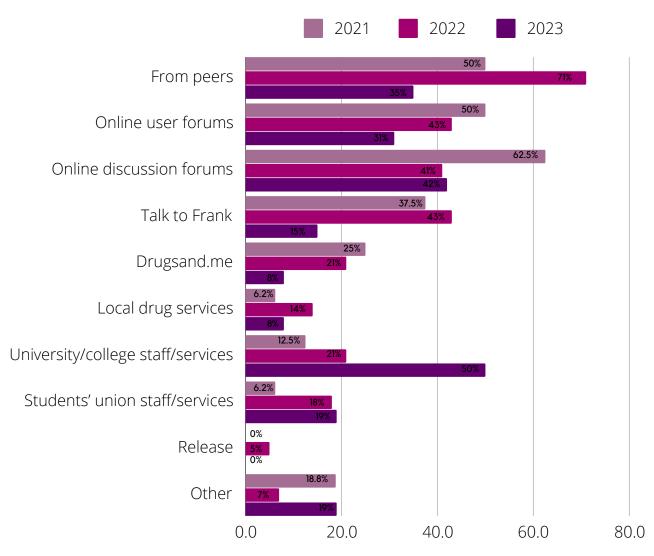
DRUG ADVICE

Which of the following statements best describes your access to advice on drugs?

- I don't know where to access any advice on or educational information about drugs (informally or formally) and don't need to: 35% (2021: 33.3%; 2022: 32%)
- I don't know where to access any advice on or educational information about drugs (informally or formally) but would like to: 2% (2021: 4%; 2022: 4%)
- I know where to access any advice on or educational information about drugs (informally or formally) but don't need it: 56% (2021: 53.7%; 2022: 54%)
- I know where to access any advice on or educational information about drugs (informally or formally) and have used it: 8% (2021: 9%; 2022: 10%)

DRUG ADVICE

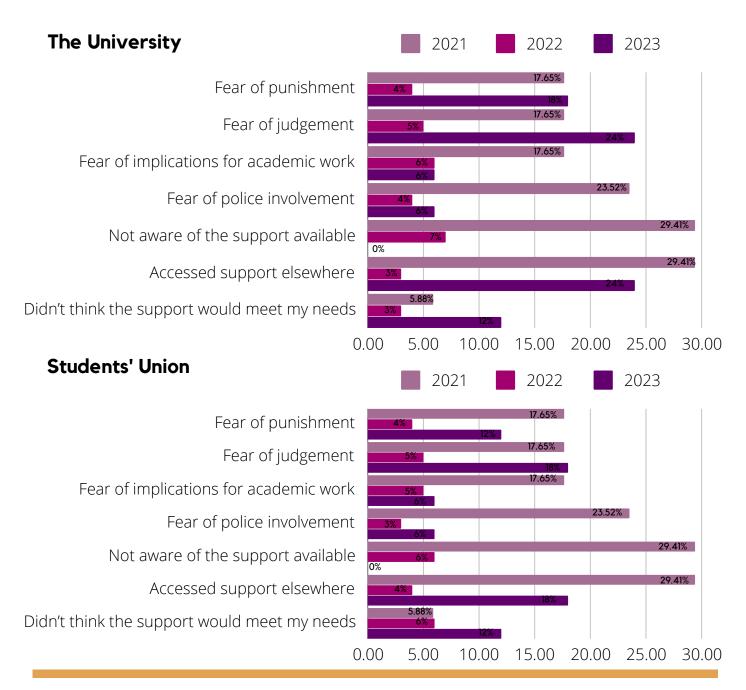
Which of the following best describes where you access drug advice and information?



Other: "Doctor", "YouTube", "other websites"

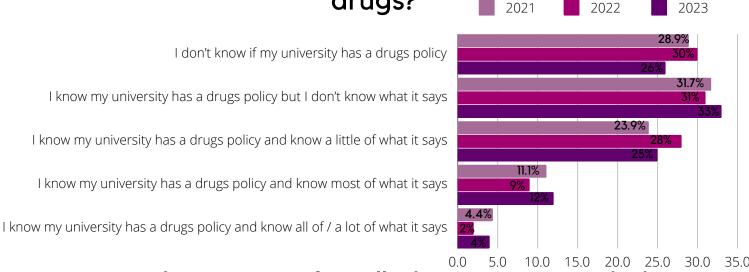
DRUG ADVICE

You said you have used drug information and advice services but not those offered by your university or students' union. Which of the following reasons best describes why you haven't used drug information and advice services offered by your university or students' union?

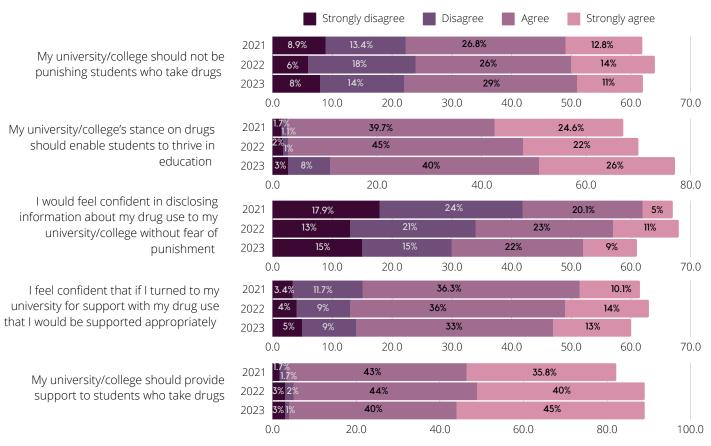


KEELE'S APPROACH

How much, if anything, do you know about the policy/policies your university/college has on drugs?

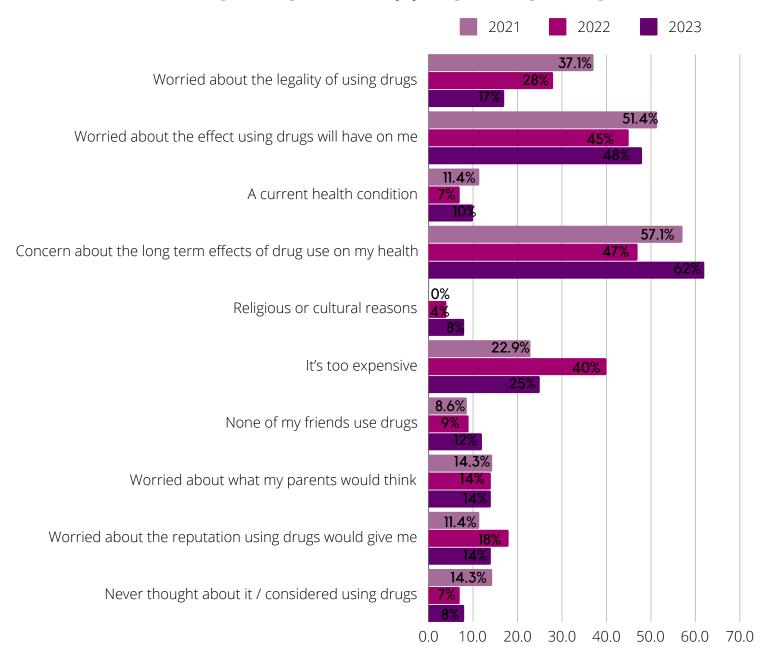


To what extent, if at all, do you agree with the following statements?



NON DRUG USERS

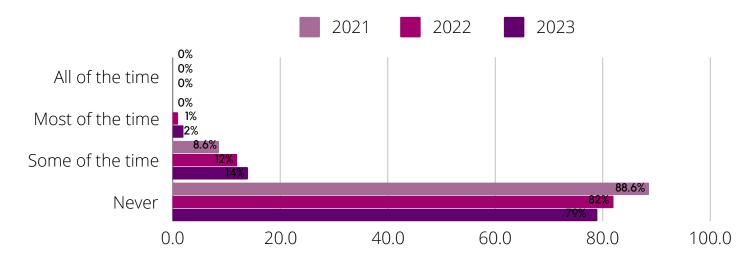
What would you say are your main reasons for not using drugs or stopping using drugs?



Other: "don't like them", "can't access them", "don't enjoy it"

NON DRUG USERS

Thinking about the most recent university term, when you were socialising with other students, how often did you feel that your friends expected you to use drugs?

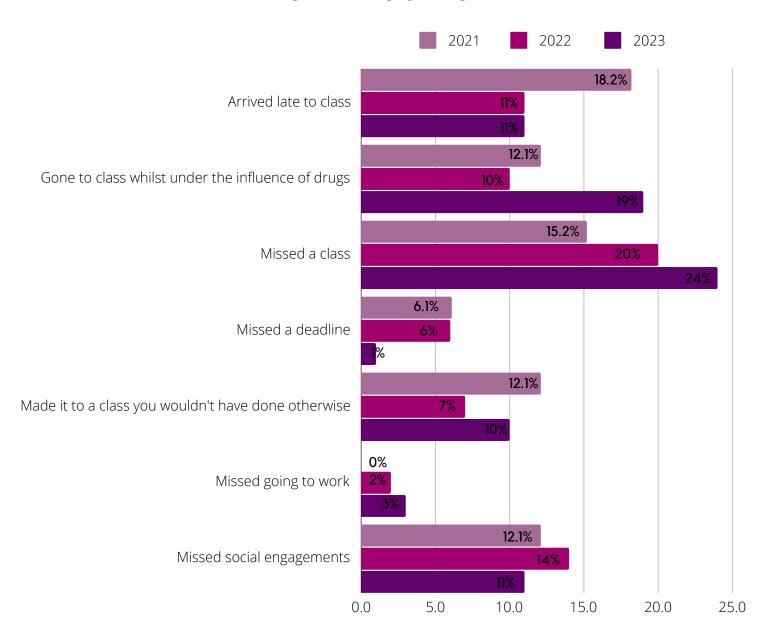


Any other comments or feedback on your experiences of drugs during your time at university...

"I would say where your university is located can affect the ease of accessibility to drugs. I
feel my uni has some good help available, but I am aware I know about because of my role as
a resident adviser."

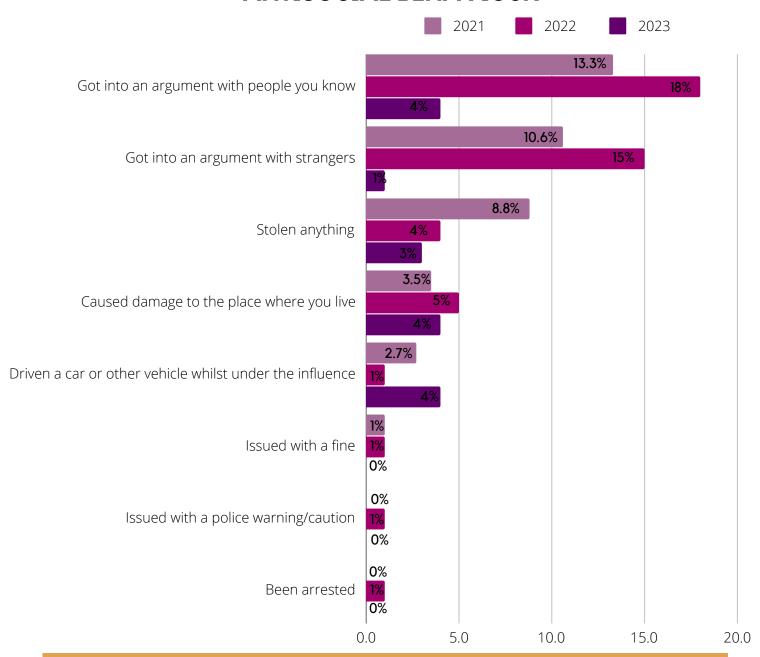
Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following taking drugs?

ACADEMIC & WORK



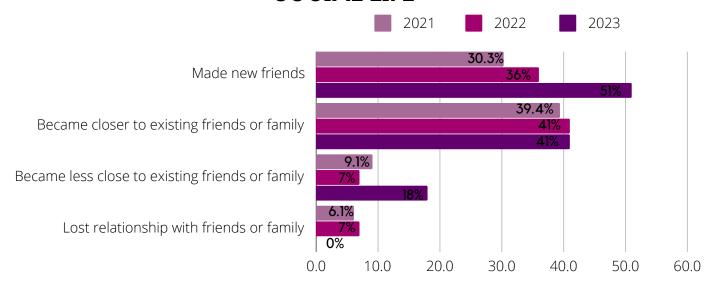
Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following taking drugs?

ANTISOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

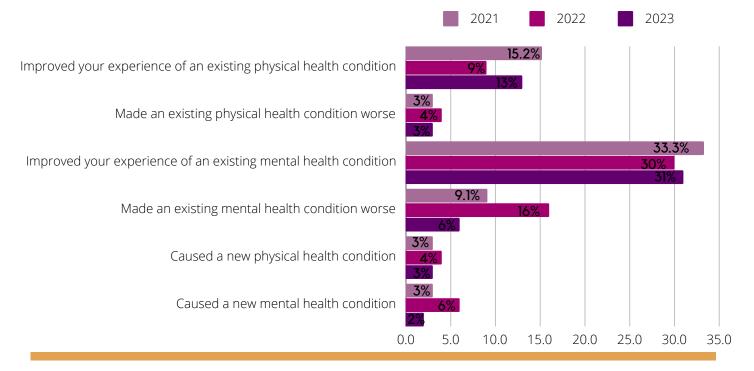


Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following taking drugs?



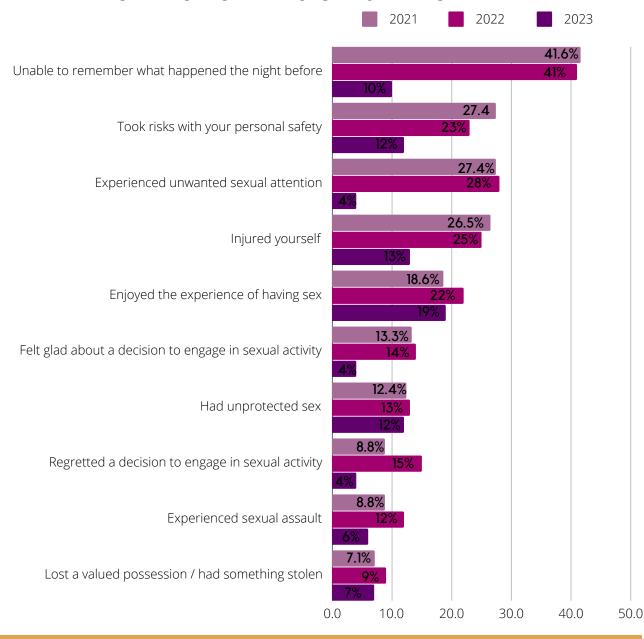


MENTAL & PHYSICAL HEALTH



Which of the following have you experienced since you have been at university during or following taking drugs?

VICTIM OF CRIME & SEXUAL ACTIVITY





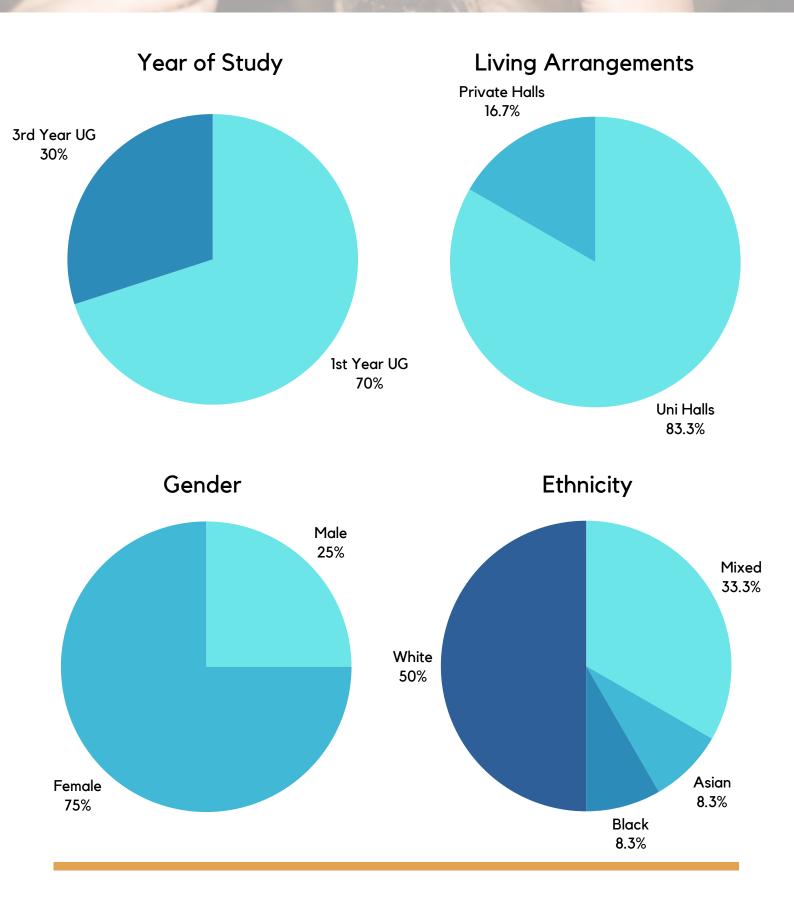
Taking a closer look at most vulnerable groups based on the following:

- 1. Students who drink alcohol most or every day
- 2. Students who agreed 'it can be difficult to not drink too much on a night out"
- 3. Students who pre-drink regularly
- 4. Students who don't eat before a night out regularly
- 5. Students who believe there aren't enough alcohol free social events
- 6. Students who use drugs most or every day
- 7. Students who use Cannabis weekly or daily
- 8. Students who mix substances most or every time they use
- 9. Students who don't know where to access information or advice about drugs
- 10. Students who don't know if the university has a drugs policy

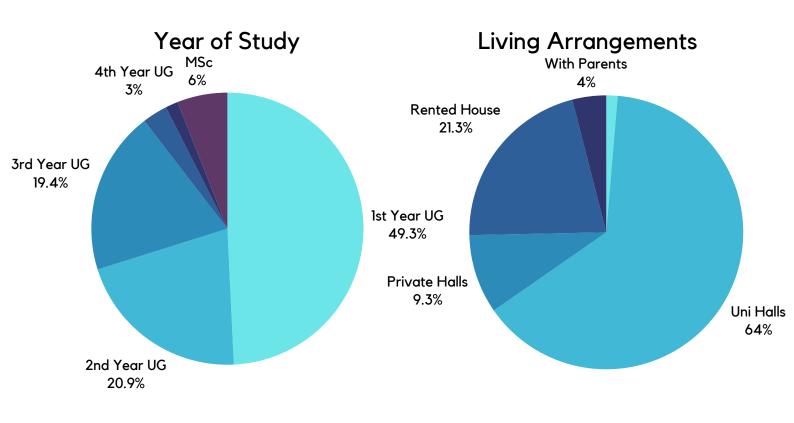
The following demographics for each were analysed:

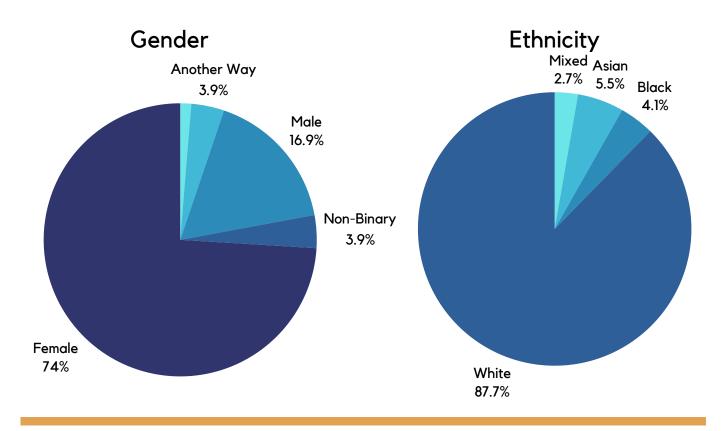
- Gender
- Year of study
- Where the student lives
- Ethnicity

ANNEX 1: STUDENTS WHO DRINK ALCOHOL MOST OR EVERY DAY (N=12)

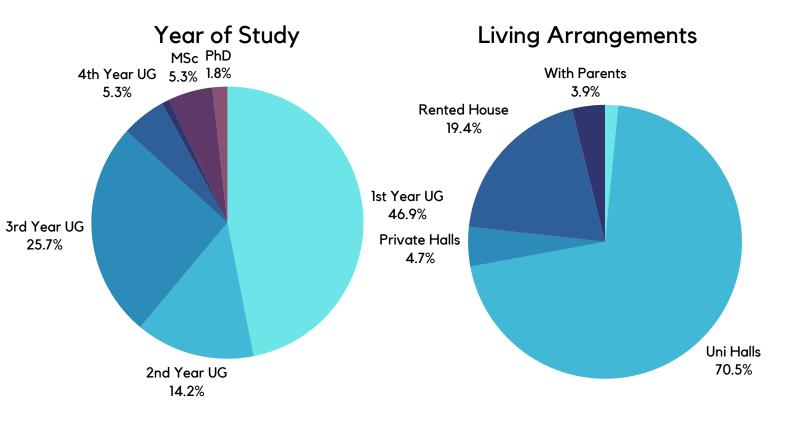


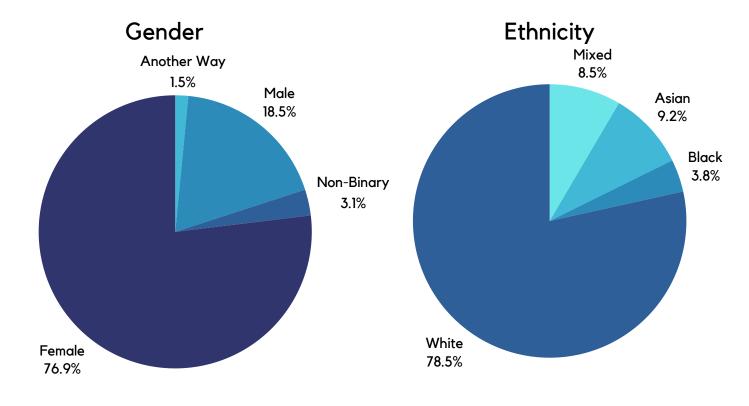
ANNEX 2: STUDENTS WHO AGREED 'IT CAN BE DIFFICULT TO NOT DRINK TOO MUCH ON A NIGHT OUT' (N=78)



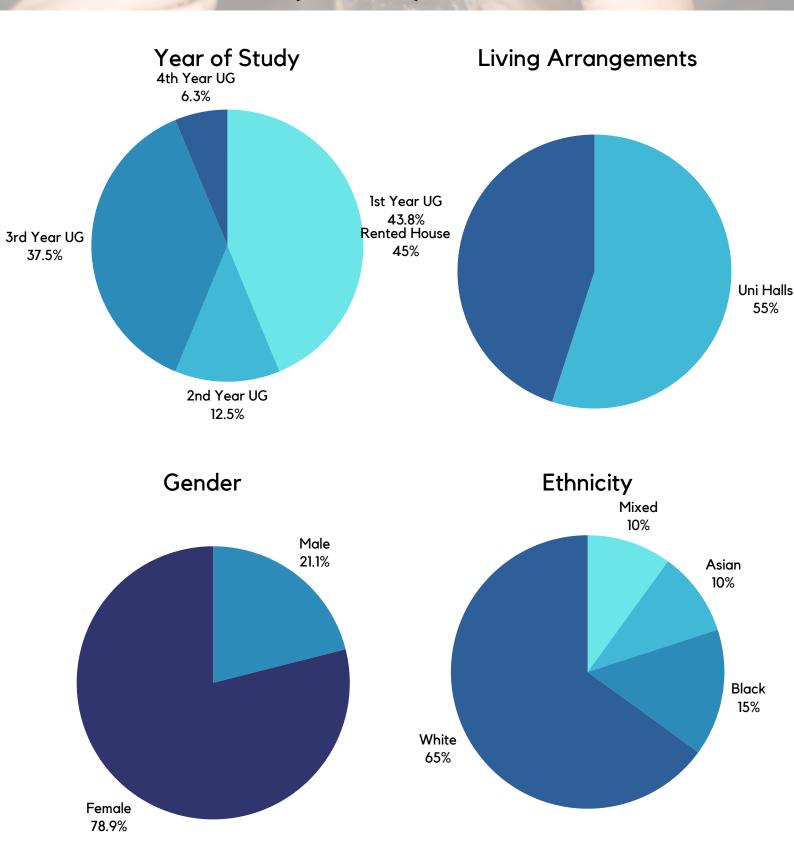


ANNEX 3: STUDENTS WHO PRE-DRINK REGULARLY (N=132)

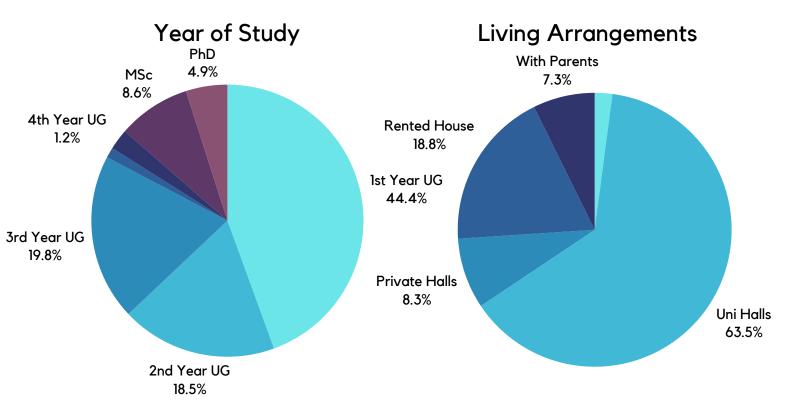


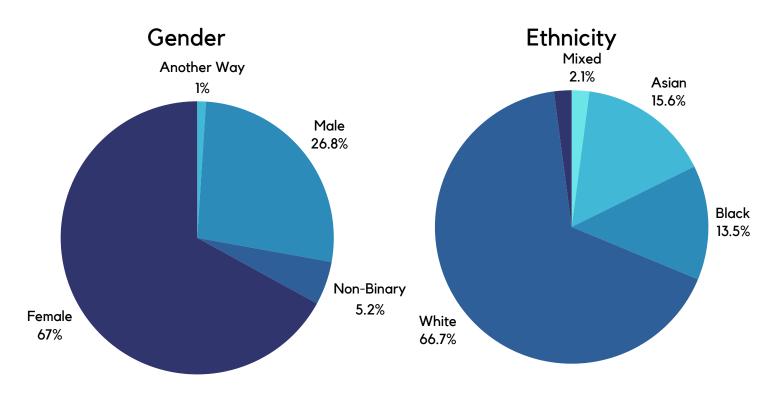


ANNEX 4: STUDENTS WHO DON'T EAT BEFORE A NIGHT OUT REGULARLY (N=20)

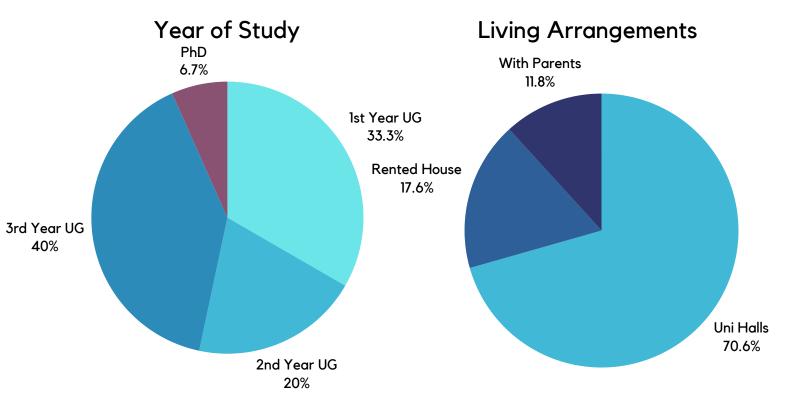


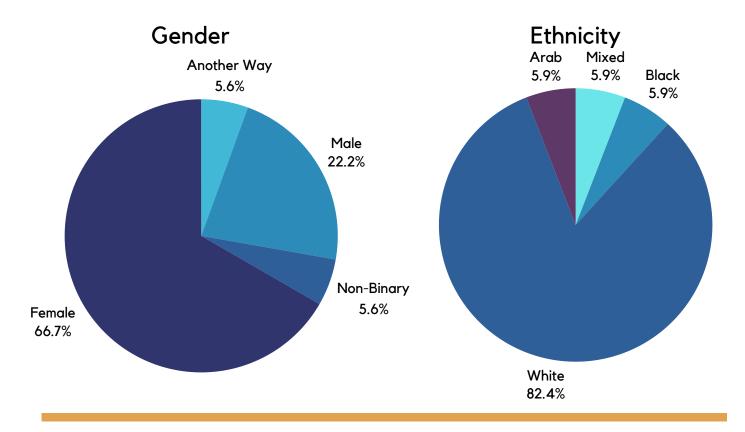
ANNEX 5: STUDENTS WHO BELIEVE THERE AREN'T ENOUGH ALCOHOL FREE SOCIAL EVENTS (N=98)





ANNEX 6: STUDENTS WHO USE DRUGS MOST OR EVERY DAY (N=18)





ANNEX 7: STUDENTS WHO USE CANNABIS WEEKLY OR DAILY (N=21)

2nd Year UG 21.1%

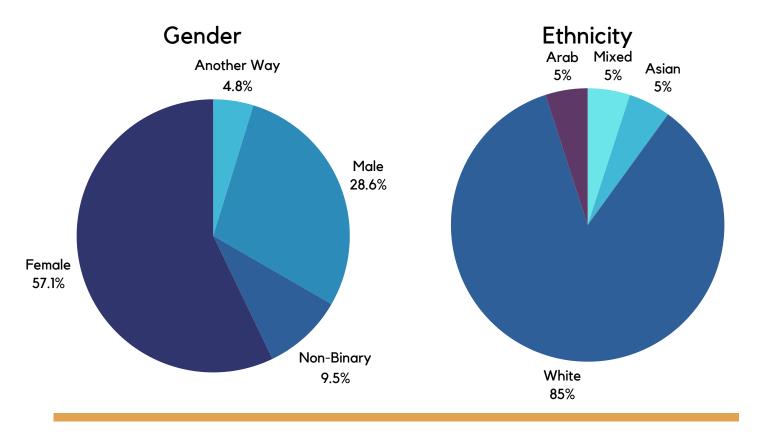
Year of Study

Ath Year UG
10.5%

Ist Year UG
31.6%

Rented House
26.3%

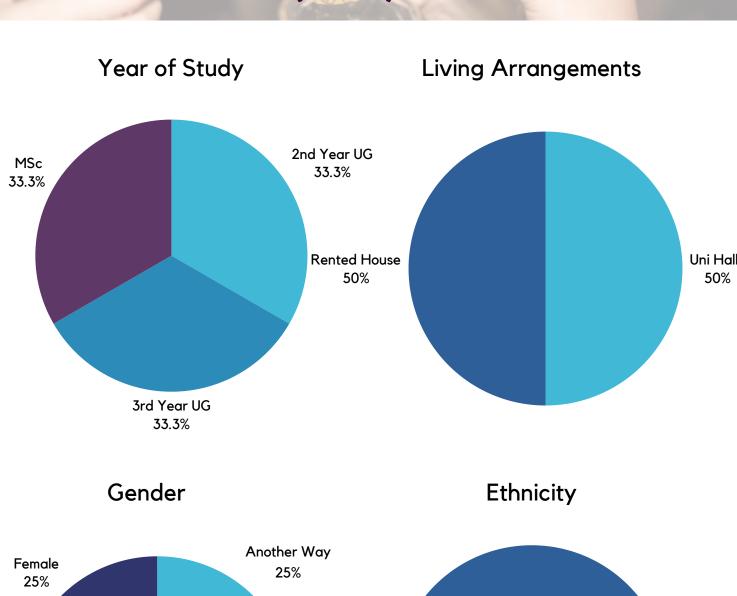
Uni Halls

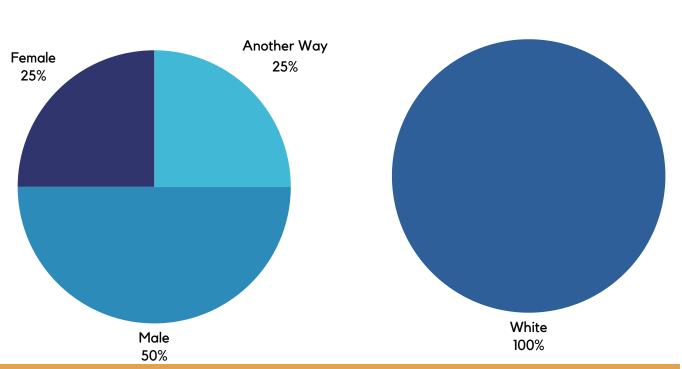


31.6%

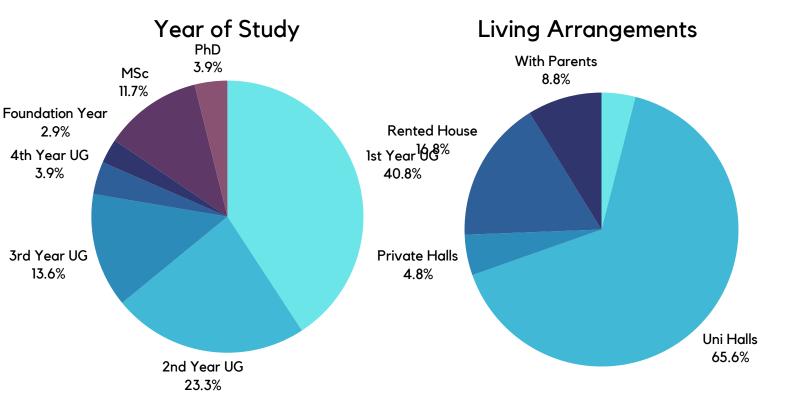
63.2%

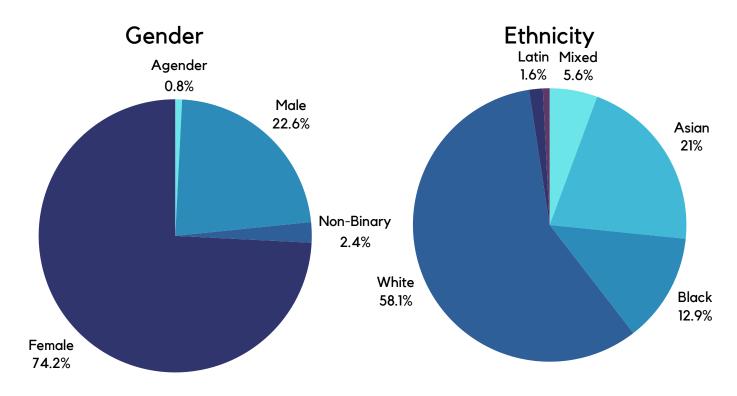
ANNEX 8: STUDENTS WHO MIX SUBSTANCES MOST OR EVERY TIME THEY USE (N=4)



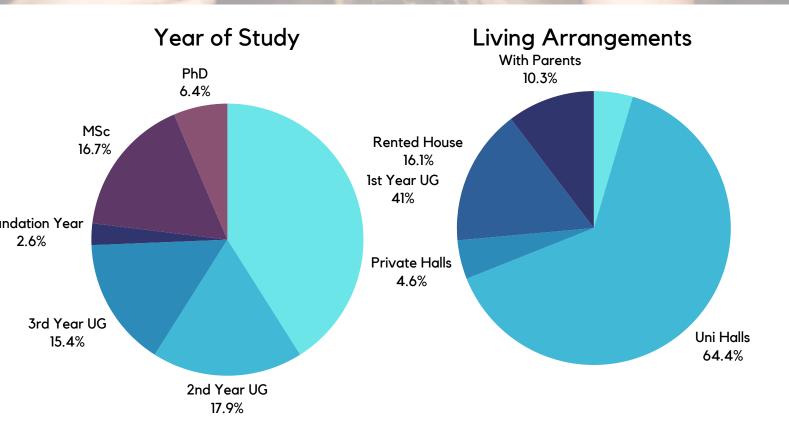


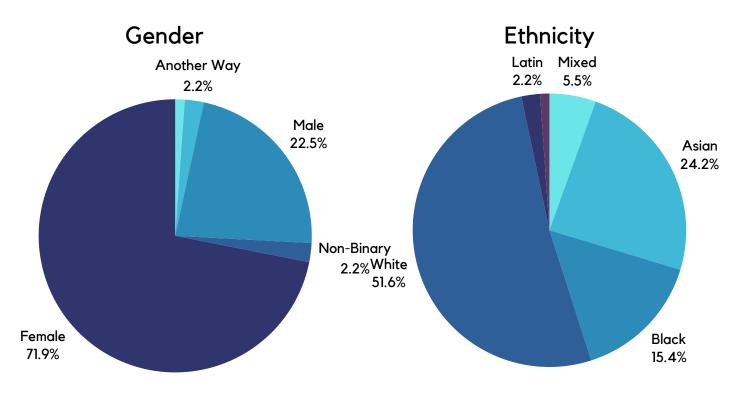
ANNEX 9: STUDENTS WHO DON'T KNOW WHERE TO ACCESS INFORMATION OR ADVICE ABOUT DRUGS (N=128)

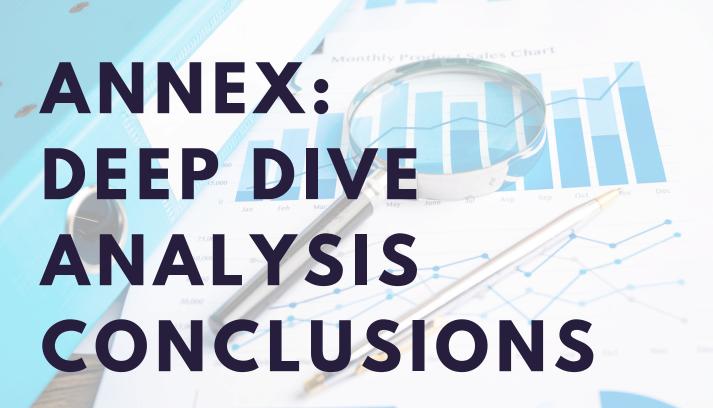




ANNEX 10: STUDENTS WHO DON'T KNOW IF THE UNIVERSITY HAS A DRUGS POLICY (N=92)







For all but one of the 10 indicators of vulnerable use, the most common demographics were:

1st year student | Living in university halls | Female | White

This would suggest that intervention and initiatives need to be targeted towards these student groups in order to reach the students most vulnerable to irresponsible alcohol consumption and drug use. This could include:

- Lecture takeovers for first years
- Additional information in first year induction
- Targeted messaging in Welcome Week
- Targeted messaging in halls of residence
- Upskilling of Resident Advisers to support/signpost students with substance use issues
- Target predominantly female societies for feedback/targeted messaging

It is important to consider that although these demographics were most common for these particular variables, they were also the most common demographics overall and so these results could be due to a skewed dataset.



REPORT PREPARED BY

KEELE DRUG & ALCOHOL STEERING GROUP

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